



**Centrum för socialvetenskaplig alkohol- och
drogforskning**
Centre for Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs (SoRAD)

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VERKSAMHETSBERÄTTELSE, 2003
Report on Program and Activities, 2003

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INTRODUCTION

The Centre for Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs (SoRAD) at Stockholm University was established as an interdisciplinary research centre with a status similar to a university department in the Faculty of Social Science by a decision of Stockholm University Board on 15 August 1997. The Centre became active on 1 March, 1999, following the appointment of Robin Room as a Professor.

The Centre was established following the recommendation of a 1995 report from a committee on the development of alcohol research, convened by the Public Health Institute (Alkoholforskningsutredningen (1995) *Forskning om alkohol för individ och samhälle*. Stockholm: Folkhälsoinstitutet 1995:49.) The report had noted that, while there was an active tradition of social alcohol research in Sweden, it had been overshadowed in the previous ten years by biological and clinical studies. Therefore it was proposed that, as in Finland and Norway, a national centre for behavioural and social research on alcohol be established.

The core grant which provided resources for the establishment of SoRAD comes from a national research council now named the Swedish Council for Working Life and Social Research, *Forskningsrådet för arbetsliv och socialvetenskap* (FAS) (previously the Council for Social Research).

This Report on Program and Activities covers the fifth year of the Centre's work. The Centre became active on 1 March, 1999, and came together in a common space at Sveaplan in August, 1999. The Centre's staff at the end of 2003 included 4 professors, an adjunct professor, an assistant professor, six other researchers with doctorates, 24 research assistants, of whom seven are doctoral students at Stockholm University, and four other staff members. (See staff list in Appendix A.)

In addition to its core grant from FAS, the Centre's work in 2003 and in the coming year is supported by grants from a variety of Swedish and international sources, including the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health, FAS, the National Institute of Public Health, the *Nordiska samarbetsnämnden för samhällsforskning* (NOS-S, Nordic Joint Board for Social Research), and the European Union. Collaborations have been established with researchers in several departments of Stockholm University (Social Work; SOFI; Sociology; Criminology), with other Swedish institutions of higher education (Karolinska Institutet; Södertörns Högskola; Högskolan i Kalmar; Lunds Universitet), with Swedish agencies (National Institute of Public Health; CAN; the Beroendecentrum and the Stockholm Public Health Centre of Stockholm County). In SoRAD's role as a national research centre, members of its staff regularly provide information and advice to national and local government authorities, to the media, and to other researchers. Staff members also lecture and give public presentations, and collaborate with other researchers, throughout Sweden.

As a national research centre, SoRAD also regularly works internationally with other research groups and agencies, including the following: National Institute of Alcohol and Drug Research, Oslo; Alcohol and Drug Research Group, Helsinki; Centre for Alcohol and

Drug Research, Aarhus University; the Research Unit for Health Promotion, University of Southern Denmark, Esbjerg; Universität GH Essen; Universität Hamburg; Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, Toronto; University of North Dakota; Alcohol Research Group, Berkeley; Nordic Council on Alcohol and Drug Research (NAD); and the European Monitoring Centre on Drugs and Drug Abuse (EMCDDA).

The Centre collaborates closely with the World Health Organization (Geneva and Copenhagen offices), and is a full member of the International Council on Alcohol and Addictions and of the Consortium of European Alcohol Research Centres.

The Centre's lines of research. The Board of the Centre adopted the following description of the Centre's aims and lines of research on 4 May 1999, and amended them on 1 February 2002. At its meeting of 1 February 2000, the Board accepted the addition of studies relating to gambling problems to the research program.

AIMS

- to stimulate and conduct social science research on alcohol and drugs, including improving methods, increasing theoretical understanding, and enhancing links to policy;
- to provide a nexus for interdisciplinary research training, research networks and collaborative studies in Sweden;
- to serve as an interdisciplinary focal point in Sweden for collaboration on comparative and international projects.

ENVISIONED LINES OF RESEARCH

- 1. Trends and patterns in alcohol and drug use and problems:*
 - survey research on attitudes and expectancies, on patterns of use, on problems related to use, on attitudes to treatment and prevention policies;
 - qualitative research on alcohol and drug norms and use patterns, and on the places of drinking and drug use in Swedish life;
 - analysis of social and health statistics on alcohol and drug use and patterns;
 - improving means of measurement of alcohol and drug use and problems.
- 2. The social response to alcohol and drug problems:*
 - research on the prevention of problems, and on prevention programs;
 - treatment services and treatment systems research;
 - impact of and responses to problematic drinking/drug use in the family and in social life;
 - policy impact research on alcohol and drug controls and other policy measures, and on control systems.
- 3. Alcohol and drug problems in a comparative and international perspective:*
 - cultural factors in conceptualizations of alcohol and drug problems;
 - cultural factors in intoxicated compartment;
 - alcohol and drug policies in international perspective;
 - supranational systems and alcohol and drug policies.

RESEARCH PROJECTS

Research projects are organized in terms of the main lines of research of the Centre (see above). The numbering of projects continues from the numbers used in the 2001 and 2002

Verksamhetsberättelser, with projects which finished before 2003 dropped from the roster.¹

Trends and patterns in alcohol and drug use and problems

A. Alcohol and Drug Use in Youth Cultures and Subcultures

A2. Perceptions of drinking and intoxication and the prevention of alcohol problems among young adults.

For young people different ways of drinking and acting in relation to alcohol are part of building an identity. Through alcohol they show who they are and want to be. These different self-understandings could hold diverse implications for preventive policy. The project has aimed at getting an understanding of the meanings young men and women, 18-25 years old, attribute to alcohol and invoke in an everyday discussion.

The analyses are based on 9 focus group interviews with naturally existing networks of friends, and feedback interviews where preliminary analyses were checked. Two papers from the project were presented at conferences in 2003, and two papers have been accepted for journal publication. The project has been directed by Maria Abrahamson, and has been supported by the Ministry of Social Affairs.

A3. Expectations and experiences of intoxication and violence among young adults

This study was supported in 2000-2003 by a grant from the Swedish Council on Working Life and Social Research. Focus group data collected in 2000 by Felipe Estrada were analyzed by Kalle Tryggvesson. In 2002, a quantitative telephone survey was conducted on a sample of young adults, aged 16 to 25, from across Sweden. The survey, co-directed by Kalle Tryggvesson and Sandra Bullock, further examined the expectations and experiences of Swedish youth concerning behaviour while intoxicated. Particular attention focused upon the expectancies and attributions concerning intoxication and its excuse value for aggression and violence. During 2003, two new presentations were made at an international conference and new manuscripts have been submitted. Data analysis and manuscript preparation will continue into the spring of 2004. Kalle Tryggvesson was supported for most of 2003 in his work on this project by a doktorandtjänst at the Department of Criminology. New funds have been applied for from Brottsoffermyndigheten for analyses of the existing data material concerning the role of victim intoxication in the construction of a "victim". Preliminary approval has been received for the grant.

A4. Ethnography of Heroin Cultures.

This study, funded by the Public Health Institute, has been led by Philip Lalander in cooperation with Bengt Svensson, University of Malmö. The project included qualitative ethnographical analysis of heroin users in two Swedish towns, one with a long history of heroin use (Malmö) and one with a very short history (Norrköping). Several articles and one

¹ These finished projects can be found most recently in the *Verksamhetsberättelse* for the year indicated:

A1 Youth cultures: A cultural perspective on alcohol and drugs in Swedish youth groups -- 2002

B4 Alcohol and risk of cancer -- 2002

B6 Correlates of drunken driving -- 2002

D2 Nordic reanalysis project: Whose drinking and what harms are affected by alcohol policy changes? -- 2002

E3 Alcohol policies in developing societies project -- 2002

E5 Impact of tourists' drinking in the developing world -- 2001

E6 European Comparative Alcohol Study -- 2002

F2 Critical review of treatment methods for gambling problems -- 2001

book have been produced out of the project, including an English translation of the book. *Hooked on Heroin*, published in 2003.

A5. The meaning of intoxication – cultural studies of men and women and different generations.

The aim of this project, supported by Vetenskapsrådet, is to look into the meaning of intoxication. What similarities and differences are there between men and women and between different generations? If intoxication mainly fulfils different functions for different youth groups and for men and women, this means that preventive measures have to be adjusted accordingly.

Data is being collected in a community case study from focus group interviews with young men and women in their last school year, and with men and women who in different ways are involved in local prevention. Feedback sessions are also being held with the older groups. Individual qualitative interviews are also being done. The results will in particular provide more knowledge which will be useful to understand the increasing drinking among women, and the meaning of intoxication to women. During 2003 focus groups were conducted with young women and men from one school. Pupils who signalled an interest in the project were asked to invite 4-5 of their friends to a group interview. As a way to stimulate the discussions of the groups' use and attitudes to alcohol and drugs short excerpts from five feature films have been shown. So far five focus groups have been conducted. An individual interview is also conducted with each participant. During spring 2004 the project will continue with the individual interviews and more group interviews in the same school, primarily with young men only, and interviews with the adult generation will also be conducted. Autumn 2004 will be devoted to analysing the data and reporting the study.

It has been possible to expand this project with questions of drug use and perceptions of drug preventive work, thanks to a research grant from *Mobilisering mot narkotika* (MOB).

A6. Marginalized abuse or normalized use? A study of young adults and drugs
(Marginaliserat missbruk eller normaliserat bruk? En studie om unga vuxna och narkotika).

This project, funded by FAS, started in 2002. The aim of the project is to study the meaning and function of drugs for young adults (18-29 years old). The project's design includes different qualitative methods, including media analysis, focus group interviews and individual in-depth interviews. During 2003 media data was collected and an analysis of daily press articles about young drug users were made. Young adults from different parts of Sweden who are part of naturally existing networks of friends were interviewed in individual and focus groups interviews. In 2004 further interviews will be made, data will be analysed and articles will be written (for example about the daily press and young drug users). Hanako Sato and Lotta Fondén are the primary researchers on the project, under the general direction of Börje Olsson and Robin Room.

A7. Alcohol among university students - consumption, consequences and attitudes.

In this study the main focus is on university students and their drinking patterns, experience of consequences, and attitudes to alcohol. However, comparisons will also be made with employed and unemployed persons in the same age groups. The data used are existing databases at SoRAD, mainly from The Monitoring Project (B2) and a survey conducted in spring 2002 (as part of B1), both involving samples from the general population. The study is financed by Alkoholkommittén and a report will be written by Börje Olsson and Antonina Eriksson early in 2004.

A8. Alcohol, Drugs and Student Life: A Study of Attitudes and the Use of Alcohol and Drugs among University and College Students

This study, funded by MOB (*Mobilisering mot narkotika*), has the primary goal of understanding university and college students' attitudes towards the use of recreational drugs, in the changing European socio-political environment. The project addresses the following questions: How prevalent is drug use at selected universities and colleges? How acceptable is the use of various different types of drugs? What sources are most successful in reaching students with information about drugs and their consequences? What needs to be done at the local level to respond to students' drug use?

This postal survey is being conducted on a random selection of 6676 students from four universities and colleges in Sweden across a two-month period in late 2003. The four sites were selected to include two communities with local anti-drug coordinators, and two without. Following the initial mailing of the questionnaire, three reminders are sent out, the second reminder being a re-mailing of the questionnaire. Analysis of the data will proceed in the first half of 2004. The study is directed by Sandra Bullock.

A9. Socially integrated drug users in the Stockholm area

The purpose of this two-year qualitative study is to study patterns of drug use, social situation, life styles and attitudes to drugs among socially integrated drug users. The study is supported by a research grant from the governmental committee *Mobilisering mot narkotika (MOB)*. Börje Olsson is project director with Sharon Rødner and Max Hansson as research assistants. The preliminary results from phase I have been documented in a report to MOB in December 2003. This analysis is based on 25 in-depth interviews (17 men and 8 women) with socially integrated persons aged 18-30 who have used drugs during the last 12 months. Phase II will be carried out in 2004. An additional sample of about 100 drug users will be identified through snowball sampling techniques for interviews. In this phase, the questions will be focused on important themes identified in phase I to test their generalizability. An attempt will also be made to make estimates of the number of socially integrated drug users in the area.

A10. Att droga ibland (Doing drugs sometimes)

This study, funded by (*Mobilisering mot narkotika (MOB)*), aims at understanding the relation between drug use and youth culture in different social and cultural environments. Different groups of young people are interviewed and observed. The groups are:

- youth with Chilean background living in a Swedish low-status suburb. These people started to use drugs between 11-14 years of age and have since then developed a pattern of intensive abuse.
- young backpackers who travel around the world and who use drugs mainly abroad. These people started using drugs between 17-20 years of age and have a middle class background.
- young persons who visit music festivals. We have done interviews at two big music festivals: Roskilde (in Denmark) and Hultsfred (in Sweden). This group is more heterogenous than the two aforementioned.
- youth who visit dance clubs in Stockholm and Gothenburg.

From the interviews (in total about 100) we try to discover different patterns of entry into drug subcultures and also how they legitimize their drug use with the aid of popular culture such as music, film, magazines and so on. First results from the studies will be reported in spring 2004. The study is directed by Philip Lalander. Other persons in the project are Merete Hellum (sociologist from University of Gothenburg), Thomas Bossius (Musical scientist from the University of Gothenburg), Fabian Sjö (Ethnologist from SoRAD) and Nelson Carmona Santis (Social worker).

B. Adult population patterns and trends

B1. Drinking problems in Sweden.

A telephone survey of the general adult population of Sweden was carried out by the Swedish Statistical Bureau (SEB) in 2002, with an emphasis on drinking patterns, alcohol-related problems, and the relation between them. The study, funded by the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health, is directed by Håkan Leifman, with Klara Hradilova Selin and Robin Room also working on the study. It is coordinated internationally with comparable studies elsewhere in GENACIS (Gender, Alcohol and Culture International Study), a project of International Research Group on Gender and Alcohol, with funding from the EU, The US National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism and the World Health Organization. Karin Helmersson Bergmark (Sociology, SU) coordinates the Swedish participation in GENACIS, and Robin Room serves on the international steering group. In 2003 three papers from this material were presented at scientific meetings, and a book is being prepared based on the study.

In preparation for this survey, a methodological study on measuring alcohol-related problems was undertaken in 2000, involving test-retest interviews of 500 subjects. One-third of the subjects were relatively heavy drinkers, recruited for reinterviews from the monitoring surveys (see B2 below). A paper from this study was published in 2003, and another is under submission.

B2. Total alcohol purchase and consumption monitoring project.

This project, funded by the Ministry of Social Affairs, collects continuous survey data from the Swedish adult general population on their purchases and consumption of unrecorded alcohol (home-distilled and -brewed, personal imports, etc.), as well as recorded alcohol. Beginning in July 2000, a new sample of 1500 cases is interviewed each month. In 2003, tobacco purchases were added to the basic questionnaire. Håkan Leifman directs this project, and Nina-Katri Gustafsson and Shiva Bahrami are research assistants. In 2003, a report on Swedish drinking habits emphasizing trends since 2000 was produced (Leifman & Gustafsson, 2003: *En Skål för det nya millenniet*, also available on the SoRAD website at www.sorad.su.se/alkrapp.pdf), and another article was published in *Nordisk Alkohol- & Narkotikatidskrift*. Also, a new database of statistics on alcohol consumption was put up on SoRAD's database for general use (<http://www.3pm.se/sorad/index.asp#>). The material has been much used by Swedish media in 2003 as a background to discussions of alcohol policy. The Monitoring Project has also served as a base on which items for other studies can be added (e.g., B1, D6), and has become a resource for reanalysis studies (e.g., A7).

B3. Alcohol and myocardial infarction. Although many studies exist of the association between abstention, drinking volume and patterns and the risk of myocardial infarction, some important issues remain unclear. Partly based on a grant from Riksbankens Jubileumsfond, some studies are being conducted by Anders Romelsjö. One paper, published in 2003 by Anders Romelsjö and collaborators at the Karolinska Institutet, is based on analyses of data from SHEEP, a case control study with about 1500 cases and 2000 controls, ages 40-70, in Stockholm County. This paper shows differences in risk of various volumes of alcohol use between fatal and non-fatal infarction, and an impact of the duration of abstention on the risk of infarction. Romelsjö is collaborator in another paper under submission based on the KOK study, a case-control study of female myocardial infarction by Janzsky, Orth-Gomér, Romelsjö et al. This study shows that moderate alcohol use is associated with decreased progression of atherosclerosis in wtrinking volum

B5. *The association between alcohol use and injuries.* Two studies are based on a 12-year follow-up of a survey of a random sample of about 4,000 adults in Stockholm County in 1984. Two papers have been accepted, one in *Alcohol & Alcoholism* and one in the *European Journal of Public Health*. One paper has a focus on injuries from falls, while the other has a focus on “accident repeaters” and the cost of accidents. A grant has been obtained from *Systembolagetsfond för alkoholforskning* for research concerning “To what extent alcohol is a contributory cause of injuries from falls, injuries from violence, suicide and homicide among single mothers?” A paper will be submitted in early 2004. These studies are conducted by Anders Romelsjö together with Bjarne Jansson and Robert Ekman (Department of Public Health Sciences, Karolinska Institutet) and with Marlene Stenbacka and Anders Leifman at Stockholm Addiction Centre and Karolinska Institutet.

B7. *Alcohol use, social risk factors, protective factors, ecological factors and the risk for various outcomes.* The study is conducted by Anders Romelsjö together with Marlene Stenbacka at Karolinska Institutet and Stockholm Addiction Centre and Håkan Stattin at Örebro University. One facet is the search for protective factors which can bring about a reduction in risk for those at increased risk (statistically speaking, an interaction effect); another is the importance of ecological factors or social context. We have, for instance, studied the interaction between poor and rich areas and risk and protective factors for alcohol and drug abuse in the military conscripts data, and now are also studying the interactions between risky drinking and number of social risk factors in predicting eventual registration for alcohol and drug abuse, drunken driving, death etc. One presentation was done by Romelsjö at the ICTAB meeting in Heidelberg 2003.

B8. *The temporal variation in alcohol poisonings in Sweden.*

The aim of this study, financed by Systembolaget and led by Mats Ramstedt, is to analyse to what extent alcohol poisonings in Sweden display a temporal variation across the week and season, and to what extent peaks are found during special celebration days like Midsummer. Another aim is to test if there is a link between monthly variations in alcohol sales and monthly variations in alcohol poisonings. All alcohol poisonings recorded in the hospitalisation register (the National Board of Health and Welfare) are analysed, which means around 165,000 cases for the period 1987-2001. Further, a smaller dataset with information on alcohol poisonings in an emergency room department at Södersjukhuset in Stockholm will also be analysed. Preliminary analyses have been conducted during 2003 and a paper will be written during the early spring of 2004.

B9. *Alcohol in hospitalisation.*

The key question for this study, funded by the Ministry of Health and Social Affairs, is to examine whether alcohol-related hospitalisations are useful for monitoring variations in alcohol-related harm in Sweden. The study is directed by Mats Ramstedt with assistance from Håkan Leifman and Anders Romelsjö. The project contains three main parts: (1) A description of trends and variations across regions and demographic groups (age and gender). (2) An assessment of the relationship between alcohol sales and alcohol-related hospitalizations by gender and age groups in Sweden as a whole, as well as in different parts of Sweden. These empirical findings will form a base for (3) a discussion of alcohol-related hospitalisations as indicators of changes in alcohol-related harm. In this third part, the quality of hospitalisation data will be examined by interviewing physicians or other key persons in a selection of county administrations and by reviewing previous studies of the quality of this data. During the fall of 2003, data has been compiled and preliminary analyses have been conducted. A first report will be written during the spring of 2004.

B10. Assessing numbers in Swedish population groups in need of treatment for alcohol problems.

The aim of this study, led by Mats Ramstedt and funded by the National Board of Health and Welfare, was to look at the possibilities of assessing the need of treatment for alcohol problems in Sweden. Areas of interest are a conceptual discussion of alternative ways in which “need” might be defined and conceivable methods for estimating needs for treatment for alcohol problems in populations. Some recommendations on next steps in estimating needs for alcohol problems are also outlined. A paper was submitted to the National Board of Health and Welfare in May 2003.

B11. Risks and protections from drinking, and popular definitions of alcohol problems: beliefs, perceptions and norms in the Swedish general population.

This project, which is partly financed by *Systembolagets forskningsfond* and partly by the Ministry of Social Affairs, adds sets of questions to the Swedish Alcohol Monitor (B2) to measure and analyze beliefs and norms concerning risks and benefits from drinking, and to investigate how different classes of drinkers and different segments of the population think about the boundaries between ordinary drinking and heavier forms of drinking. A series of analyses will be made to increase our understanding of the structure of popular thinking about alcohol and to provide guidance for prevention work. Data collection for this project will be made in early 2004. Maria Abrahamson will carry out the project in collaboration with Håkan Leifman and Robin Room.

B12. Alcohol and long-term sickleave. This project is financed by the Public Health Institute and the National Social Insurance Board (*Riksförsäkringsverket, RFV*) and is directed by Håkan Leifman. The project has two parts. One is to conduct ARIMA time series analyses on the effects of changes in alcohol sales on changes in long-term sick leave, testing whether there is a significant relationship which might indicate an effect, and in that case how strong the effect is. How much of the increase in long-term sick leave since 1996 could be attributed to the increase in alcohol consumption? The second part of the project deals with studies on individual-level data. In 2002, RFV conducted a survey (RFV-HALS) with a mail questionnaire to a representative sample of people on long-term sick leave and another to the general population. One year later the same respondents were contacted once again with identical questions, e.g. on various health problems and their work environment. There were also some alcohol questions. The principal aim of this study is to analyze the relationship between long-term sick leave and perceived alcohol problems. The research questions include: Do a larger proportion of those on long-term leave than in the general population experience alcohol problems? Is there an increased risk of long-term sick leave at the follow-up for respondents with reported alcohol problems at the time of the initial questionnaire?

The Social Response to Alcohol and Drug Problems

C. Treatment system studies

C1. Women and men in alcohol and drug treatment. This project, funded by the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health, has been run in conjunction with TREAT-2000 (see C2 below). In 2000-2001, 942 clients entering treatment in the health-based addiction treatment system in Stockholm County were interviewed, with a follow-up interview one year later. In 2001-2002, 923 clients in a sample of social service units in Stockholm County were interviewed at the point when they were given a new service connected to their alcohol and/or drug use. As

of the end of 2003, fieldwork was almost completed on a one-year follow-up of this sample. In 2001-2002, the views and experiences of staff within the health and social welfare systems who deal with alcohol and drug problems were collected through a staff questionnaire (N=344 in the health system; 556 in the social welfare system). A sample of the general adult population of Stockholm County were interviewed in autumn 2002 concerning their attitudes to alcohol and drugs, patterns of use, alcohol and drug related problems and experience of and views on treatment. Starting from an initial sample of 6000, telephone interviews were completed with 384 cases with the heaviest alcohol or drug use, and a random 800 of the remainder. In 2003, a one-year follow-up was completed on the cases with the heaviest alcohol or drug use. In 2004, it is planned to begin records linkages, with the respondents' permission, charting the experiences of the sample cases in Swedish social and health systems. Analyses include mapping the expectations of clients entering treatment, comparing those with alcohol or drug problems who come to different treatment services with those who do not, charting the routes of the clients within the treatment system and the co-ordination of different parts of the system, and comparing the experiences of women and men in treatment.

During 2003, 6 articles from the study were published, and four reports on the study completed and published. A number of presentations based on the study were made at scholarly meetings, and presentations on the results were also made to the treatment units and agencies which had participated in the study. Jessica Palm serves as study director and Jessica Storbjörk as assistant study director. During 2003, besides Palm and Storbjörk, Anders Romelsjö, Robin Room, Kerstin Stenius, Tom Palmstierna, Vera Segraeus and Jenny Cisneros Örnberg have been active on the project's coordinating team.

C2. TREAT-2000, Treatment System Research on European Addiction Treatment.

This project, initiated by Professor Markus Gastpar of Universität GH Essen, Germany, was funded by the Fourth Framework of the E.U. through April, 2003. It studied the treatment of opioid addiction in the health system in a large city in each of six European countries (Germany, Great Britain, Greece, Italy, Sweden and Switzerland). The three-year project included work describing the treatment system, updated after 18 months, and interviews with 100 of the system's clients, with two follow-ups, in the Swedish case after 12 months and 18 months. SoRAD is the Swedish centre for this collaborative project. The Swedish fieldwork on this project is being coordinated with the "Women and men in alcohol and drug treatment" project (see C1 above), and is being used in the project on the advent of buprenorphine (C10 below). Coding of the second follow-up will be completed in early 2004. Jessica Palm serves as study director and Jessica Storbjörk as assistant study director. Other research participants in the project include Anders Bergmark, Anders Romelsjö, Robin Room, and Tom Palmstierna.

C3. The use of addiction treatment in the health care system and the social services.

Statistical information exists about the number of subjects in various kinds of treatment during various periods, and also about the number of subjects in treatment on a particular census day. But little analysis has been done on patient characteristics in different treatment systems and of patient flow and utilization of the different treatment systems. Such information is important for planning and collaboration between treatment systems, and in studies of the system's effectiveness. The study population consists of about 7000 subjects who were known to have been in treatment for alcohol and drug abuse in the six months prior to October 2000, based on a comprehensive survey of a large number of treatment agencies in the social services in Stockholm. A records-linkage study will study the experience of these subjects with hospitalization, mortality, institutional care, criminality for the period 1980 and onwards, and social services utilization.

The study, a collaboration between Stockholm City and SoRAD, is led by Anders

Romelsjö and Erik Finné. The study's analysis is coordinated with that of the study of "Women and men in alcohol and drug treatment" (C1 above).

C4. Alcohol-related treatment systems research: recent changes in Stockholm County. The treatment systems for alcohol and drug abuse have changed considerably in Sweden during the past decade. There has been a shift from i

C7. *An evaluation of a new substitute sentence for juveniles (Utvärdering av sluten ungdomsvård).* The project, financed by SIS, is directed by Eckart Köhllhorn. It focuses in three main questions. The first one is directed to the development of sentences for juvenile delinquency with regard to the problem of net-widening provoked by the new sentence. The second one deals with the contents of the treatment and measures within the frame of the new sentence, especially with regard to Tj0.00031 Tc -0.0011 Tw 82n699.4563 Tm(pecially y S13 Tw 12 06 0 12

~~maximum limit on number of opiate abusers allowed to be treated. Since 1999, buprenorphine (Subutex) has appeared as an alternative substitution treatment in Sweden. Buprenorphine has about the same positive effect as methadone, and the target group is in principle the same – opiate dependent subjects. However, there are presently no special regulations for the use of buprenorphine. In the spring of 2003 there were about 15 treatment units in Sweden who used buprenorphine as part of treatment for patients with opiate use of varying duration. Work is going on at the National Board of Health and Social Welfare (Socialstyrelsen) to issue new guidelines for treatment with both methadone and buprenorphine. One aim of the project is to study the development of policy for treatment with methadone and buprenorphine. Another aim is to study policy and implementation of buprenorphine treatment at the different sites over time, and also collect and analyse data from patients. The data collection will be done mainly with mail questionnaires and interviews. A first paper based on a mail questionnaire to all treatment units has been published, and results have been presented at international and national conferences.~~

D. Prevention and policy impact research

D1. *The drug addict and the authorities - Police and social interventions in the drug addict's everyday life (Knarkaren och myndigheten)*

perceived drinking problems vary between different occupational groups, data from SoRAD's 2002 general population survey (B2) has been analysed. Preliminary results were presented in a paper at an international meeting in June 2003, and an article will be submitted for publication in 2004. During the autumn, Fabian Sjö started a study concerning rehabilitation of problem drinkers at workplaces. Through in-depth interviews, employees will be questioned about their drinking habits and problems, their way to rehabilitation and the way bac

part of the study focuses on alcohol policy, control and regulations at the local level concerning alcohol at restaurants. Since 1995, the municipalities are responsible for licensing restaurants to serve alcohol and for enforcing that the restaurants follows the regulations. During 2003, a survey has been planned addressed to all Swedish alcohol inspectors (*alkoholhandläggare*), the employees at the municipality authorities who deal with these issues. The survey will examine their function and methods, and the possibilities and problems related to their task and to the local alcohol guidelines and policies. During 2004, a pilot study will take place in three different municipalities; interviews with key persons in each municipality's authorities, police and local restaurants will be conducted.

D6.

drug policy -- from word to action.

Cooperation and coordination between different actors and different levels are put forward as a cornerstone in Swedish drug policy. The aim of this study, financed by MOB, is to look at how the police, the social service and the health sectors cooperate and coordinate their work in the drug field. It is a descriptive process-study that addresses the following questions: How does the vertical cooperation and coordination between the national, regional and local levels work in practice? How does the horizontal cooperation and coordination at each level work in practice? Hindrances and success factors are being identified. Document studies and interviews with different actors at different levels have been conducted during 2003. Mikael Nilsson is the primary researcher on the project, under the general direction of Börje Olsson. A report will be written in March 2004.

D7.

(Törst:

gestaltningar av dryckeskultur och -problem i started work on this project, funded by Systembolagetsfond for 2004. The project is an initial inventory of a new field, as a collaboration between SoRAD and the SU Film Studies department. Alcohol use and mi alyzed in Swedish films from the period the Welfare State was bu til the late 1990s, with attention to changes in the meaning of drinking over time.

E. Alcohol and drug problems in a com

discussion of alcohol policy in Sweden and m generally north of the Baltic, the Canadian

experience is often drawn on for illustration. But good time-series analyses of the kind in the kEuropani Cm

Agency for sports. In 2003, papers were published by Catherine Carstairs on sports doping and the rise of the World Anti-Doping Agency, and by Robin Room on trends in the international drug control system in the context of the 5-year review of UN anti-drug goals. Other papers were presented at international meetings: on addictions concepts and international drug control, on alcohol and international agreements on trade and control, and on shifting goals in the development of the drug control system.

E4. *Alcohol and Public Policy Project (APPG2)*. The main report on this project, Babor et al., *Alcohol – No Ordinary Commodity*, was published by Oxford University Press in 2003. Findings from the study were presented by Robin Room from SoRAD, among other authors, at several international meetings, and summary of the policy findings, along with a guide to the computation of alcohol as a risk factor in the global burden of disease, will be published by WHO in early 2004.

E7. *Whose drinking changes how much when liquor taxes fall?* This project was initiated in 2003, when it became clear that Danish spirits taxes would fall by 45% on October 1. A meeting for an international collaborative project was held in Stockholm, with

Denmark, Sweden and Finland, and the effects in Finland in 2004 of a projected lowering of taxes there and of the shift to EU traveler's allowances between Estonia and Finland. The level, but also on whose drinking changes by coordinated overall an as the study director for Sweden, Kim Bloomfield for ark, and Pia Mäkelä for Finland.

and to request them to provide information on their actual spending on these activities. It is concluded that substantial resources are invested in specific drug policy measures in Sweden involving treatment or coercion, but that actual costs are most likely higher. The implications of using a broader estimation are discussed. A preliminary report was submitted to the EMCDDA in May, and there are plans that the project will be published in a special issue of *Addiction* in 2004.

F. Gambling problems studies

F1. *The community impact of casinos.* International-standard casinos opened in July 2001 in Sundsvall and in December 2001 in Malmö. The study, funded by the Public Health Institute, looks at the impacts, positive and negative, of a casino on each of these communities. A survey of the adult population of the community was carried out early in 2001 in Sundsvall and Karlstad, as a control site, and later in 2001 in Malmö, asking about expectations from the casino, and about patterns of gam

APPENDICES (see following pages)

A. Organization of the Centre

B. Publications by Centre staff, 2002

Professional activities and paper presentations by Centre staff

D. _____

E. Finances, 2002

F. Equality, Environmental, and Quality programs at the Centre

ORGANIZATION OF THE CENTRE

Establishment of the Centre. The Centre for Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs at Stockholm University was established as an interdisciplinary centre with a status similar to a university department in the Faculty of Social Science by a decision of the Stockholm University Board on 15 August 1997 (doss 311, dnr 1061/97). Robin Room was appointed to a chair in research on alcohol and drugs in the Centre on 21 December 1998, and as Director of the Centre on 4 February 1999. The Centre came into existence when he took up his position at the Centre on 1 March 1999. The core budget of the Centre is funded by the Swedish Council for Working Life and Social Research (FAS), successor to the Swedish Social Research Council. The Centre operates under a six-year agreem

The Centre's staff. In December 2003, the Centre's staff includes:

Eckart Kühnhorn, professor, Sociological Alcohol Research
Börje Olsson, professor, Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs
Anders Romelsjö, professor, Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs
Robin Room, professor, Social Research on Alcohol and Drugs,
robin.room@sorad.su.se
Vera Segraeus, adjunct professor, Treatment System Research

Maria Abrahamson, researcher, PhD (social work)
Sandra Bullock, researcher, PhD (public health sciences)
Philip Lalander, researcher, PhD (sociology)
Håkan Leifman, researcher (*forskarassistent*), PhD (sociology)
Mats Ramstedt, researcher, PhD (sociology)

Ylva Habel, researcher, PhD (cinema studies)

Pia Andersson, research assistant
Shiva Bahrami, research assistant

Jenny Cisneros Örnberg, research assistant
Antonina Eriksson, research assistant
Mattias Eriksson, field-worker
Mimmi Eriksson, research assistant
Charlotta Fondén, research assistant, PhD-student (criminology)
Nina-Katri Gustafsson, research assistant
Max Hansson, research assistant (Kalmar)
Patrik Karlsson, research assistant, PhD-student (social work)
Michael Nilsson, research assistant
Jessica Palm, research assistant, PhD-student (criminology)
Sharon Rödner, research assistant
Bo Sandberg, research assistant
Hanako Sato, research assistant
Klara H. Selin, research assistant, PhD-student (sociology)
Fabian Sjö, research assistant
Monica Skrinjar, doktorandtjänst, FAS; PhD-student (criminology)
Pia Steen, research assistant
Jessica Storbjörk599d.0025 /TT1 1 Tf0.00032 Tc -0.0002 Tw 16 0 012 111.65991 269.8225144 Tm

PUBLICATIONS BY CENTRE STAFF, 2003

All publications with a member of Centre staff as author which appeared during 2003 are included. A few items from 2002 not included in last year's report are also included.

Research articles and books

Abrahamson, M. (2003) Alkohol och mötet mellan unga kvinnor och män. Alcohol and the meeting between young women and men) *Nordisk alkohol- och narkotikatidskrift* 20(4): 127-139.

Babor, T., Caetano, R., Casswell, S., Edwards, G., Giesbrecht, N., Graham, K., Grube, J., Gruenewald, P., Hill, L., Holder, H., Homel, R., Österberg, E., Rehm, J., Room, R. & *Research anP pu*

- Palm, J. (2003) Moraliskt, medicinskt och socialt problem? Syn på alkohol- och drogproblem bland personalen inom Stockholms beroendevård. (A problem of moral, medical and social nature: the views on alcohol and drug problems of staff in addiction treatment in Stockholm) *Nordisk alkohol- och markotikatidskrift* 20:129-143.
- Ramstedt, M. (2003) Alcohol consumption and liver cirrhosis mortality with and without mention of alcohol – the case of Canada. *Addiction* 98:1267-1276.
- Ramstedt, M. (2003) Alkoholens roll i den globala och regionala sjukdomsbördan (The role of alcohol in the global and

- Room, R., Graham, K., Rehm, J., Jernigan, D. & Monteiro, M. (2003) Drinking and its burden in a global perspective: policy considerations and options. *European Addiction Research* 9:165-175.
- Room, R., Palm, J., Romelsjö, A., Stenius, K. & Storbjörk, J. (2003) Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling – beskrivning av en studie i Stockholms län (Women and men in Swedish addiction treatment: a description of a study in Stockholm County) *Nordisk alkohol- och narkotikatidskrift* 20:91-100. (English-language version at <http://www.stakes.fi./nat>)
- Segraeus, V. and Korpi, S. (2002) Use and abuse of tobacco, alcohol and narcotics -- a Baltic dilemma. In: Maciejewski, W. (ed.) *The Baltic Sea Region: Cultures, Politics, Societies*, pp. 568-581. Uppsala: Baltic University Press.
- Skog, O.-J. (2003) Alcohol consumption and fatal accidents in Canada, 1950–98. *Addiction* 98:883-893.
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- Skrinjar, Monica (2003): Forskare eller "babe". Om genuskonstruktioner i intervjusituationer. (Researcher or "babe": on gender construction in interview situations) In: Lander, I., Pettersson, T. & Tiby, E. (eds): *Femininiteter, maskuliniteter och kriminalitet. Genusperspektiv inom svensk kriminologi*, pp. 107-138. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Skrinjar, Monica (2003): "It's the drug abuse that's the problem, that's what we need to deal with": How police officers and social workers describe their work with drug abusers. In: Houborg Pedersen, E. & Tigerstedt C. (eds.) *Regulating Drugs – Between Users, the Police and Social Workers*, pp. 141-164. Helsinki: Nordic Council for Alcohol and Drug Research, NAD Publication No. 43.
- Stenbacka, M., Jansson, B., Leifman, A. & Romelsjö, A. (2002) Association between use of sedatives or hypnotics, alcohol consumption, or other risk factors and a single injurious fall or multiple falls: a longitudinal general population study. *Alcohol* 28:9-16.
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- Stenius, K. & Storbjörk, J. (2003): Dynamiken bakom historien om en gränsomdragande reform. Den snabba avknoppningen av Maria-enheten. (The dynamics behind the story of how borders were redrawn: the quick hiving off of the Maria services) *Socialvetenskaplig tidskrift* 10:366-386.
- Stenius, K. (2003): Sverigefinländska och svenska patienter i Stockholms läns beroendevård. (Finnish-born and Swedish-born patients in the Stockholm County health-based addiction treatment system) *Nordisk alkohol- & narkotikatidskrift* 20:145-158.
- Storbjörk, J. (2003) Orsaker till att inte söka vård: En studie i Stockholms läns beroendevård. (Causes for not seeking treatment: a study in Stockholm County's addiction treatment services.) *Nordisk alkohol- och narkotikatidskrift* 20:113-127.

Reports, commentary, debate

- Ahnquist, J., Danielsson, A.K. & Romelsjö, A. (2003) *Samordnarrollen – fälta, samordna, predika eller bedriva projekt. Intervjuer med lokala alkohol- och drogsamordnare i Stockholms stad våren 2003*. Stockholm: Karolinska Institutet, institutionen för folkhälsovetenskap. ESAPP-rapport 2003:1. (ESAPP, Evaluering av Stockholms stads alkoholpreventiva program).

- Ahnquist, J., Danielsson, A.K. & Romelsjö A. (2003) Utvärdering pågår. *Alkohol och narkotika* 97 (nr 4-5):47-48.
- Danielsson, A.K., Ahnquist, J. & Romelsjö, A. (2003) *Utvärdering av Precens – Stockholms stads preventionscentrum*. Stockholm: Karolinska Institutet, institutionen för folkhälsovetenskap. ESAPP-rapport 2003:2.
- Danielsson, A.K., Ahnquist, J. & Romelsjö, A. (2003) *Aktivitetsrapportering – en första sammanställning av registrerade förebyggande aktiviteter i ESAPP:s databas*. Stockholm: Karolinska Institutet, institutionen för folkhälsovetenskap. ESAPP-rapport 2003:3.
- Eriksson, A., Palm, J. & Storbjörk, J. (2003) *Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: en beskrivning av klientgruppen inom socialtjänstens missbrukarvård i Stockholms län 2001-2002*. (Women and men in Swedish addiction treatment: a description of client groups in addiction treatment in the social services in Stockholm County 2001-2002) Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 15. <http://www.sorad.su.se/missbrbeha4.pdf>
- Fondén C., Skrinjar M., Leiknes M. & Olsson B. (2003). *På vems villkor? Om möten mellan myndigheter och narkotikabrukare*. (On whose conditions? Meetings between authorities and drug users) Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 12.
- Lalander, P. (2003) *Det statliga kasinot: Mellan myt och verklighet*. (The state-owned casino: between myth and reality). Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 13. <http://www.sorad.su.se/statkasrapp.pdf>
- Leifman, H. (2003) Dryckesmönstren förändras (Drinking patterns are changing) *Alkohol & narkotika* 97:14-15.
- Leifman, H. (2003) Från ”torr” till ”våt” dryckeskultur. (From ”dry” to ”wet” drinking culture) *Alkohol & narkotika* 97: 9-13.
- Leifman, H. & Gustafsson, N.-K. (2003) *En skål för det nya millenniet*. (A toast to the new millenium: a study of the Swedish people’s alcohol consumption at the beginning of the 2000s). Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 11. <http://www.sorad.su.se/alkrapp.pdf>
- Leifman, H. (2003) EU:s spritvanor hotar folkhälsan (EU:s drinking habits is a threat to the public health). *Aftonbladet*, 1 March (The Debate page).
- Leifman, H., Steen, P., Guttormsson, U. & Olsson, B. (2003) *Narkotikautvecklingen i Sverige under 1990-talet samt den nuvarande situationen* (Trends in drug use during the 1990’s and the current situation), WEB- and Power-point presentation (www.sorad.su.se/SoRAD%20Narkotika%20030203.ppt).
- Lenke, L. & Olsson, B. (2003) Den narkotikapolitiska relevansen av narkotikarelaterade dödsfall. In: Tham, H. (ed.) (2003) *Forskare om narkotikapolitiken*. Rapport 2003:1, Kriminologiska institutionen, Stockholm.
- Palm, J. (2003) *Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: en beskrivning av personalen inom socialtjänstens missbrukarvård i Stockholms län och deras syn på missbrukarvården år 2002*. (Women and men in Swedish addiction treatment: a description of the addiction care personnel in the social services in Stockholm County and their views on addiction treatment, 2002). Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 7. <http://www.sorad.su.se/misbrbeha1.pdf>
- Palm, J. (2003) [Referat av NAD-publication ”Skyldig eller sjuk? Om valet av påföljd för narkotikabruk”]. (review of the NAD publication ”Guilty or sick? On the choice of consequences for drug misuse”) *Nordisk alkohol- och narkotikatidskrift* 20:200-203.
- Palm, J. & Storbjörk, J (2003) *Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: en beskrivning av patientgruppen i Stockholms läns landstings beroendevård 2000-2001*. (Women and men in Swedish addiction treatment: a description of patient groups in the Stockholm County health system addiction services, 2000-2001) Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 9. <http://www.sorad.su.se/misbrbeha3.pdf>

- Palm, J. (2003) *Ungdomarnas upplevelse av slutna ungdomsvård. En jämförelse med LVU-placeringar och fängelse*. Forskningsrapport nr 2 2003. Stockholm: Statens institutionsstyrelse.
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- Romelsjö A. (2003) *Missbrukare med psykisk sjuklighet i Stockholms län* (Drug misusers with mental disorders in Stockholm County). Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr. 14.
- Romelsjö, A., Leifman, H. & Dahlborn, C. (2003) *Behandling med implantation med disulfiramkapslar. En uppföljning av 200 patienter*. Stockholm: SoRAD, report.
- Room, R. (2003) Impact and implications of the international drug control treaties on IDU and HIV/AIDS prevention and policy. In: Rehm, J., Fischer, B. & Haydon, E., eds. *Reducing the Risks, Harms and Costs of HIV/AIDS and Injection Drug Use (IDU): A Synthesis of the Evidence Base for Development of Policies and Programs*, pp. 218-227. Toronto: University of Toronto, report to Health Canada.
- Room, R. (2003) Rethinking alcohol, tobacco and other drug control. *Addiction* 98:713-716. Also: Paths forward between prohibition and laissez-faire [response to four comments] *Addiction* 98:721-723.
- Segraeus, V. (2003) Genusperspektiv på SiS forsknings- och utvecklingsarbete (gender perspectives in the research and development work of SiS), in: *Har sociala problem ett kön? Genusperspektiv på ungdomsvården*. Stockholm: Allmänna barnhuset.
- Sjö, F. (2003) Utvärdering av Sweden United - en klubbturné med syftet att motverka narkotikabruket bland ungdomar på svenska klubbar. Report submitted to Mobilisering mot narkotika. Stockholm: SoRAD.
- Stenius, Kerstin (2003): Finländarna ännu överrepresenterade i Stockholms missbrukarvård. (Finns still overrepresented in Stockholm's addiction treatment) *Dialogi*, nr 6, 8-10.
- Stenius, Kerstin (2003): Journal impact factor - mittari joka vahvistaa tutkimusmaailman hierarkiaa. (Journal impact factor - ett mått som förstärker forskningsvärldens hierarki; Journal impact factor: a measure that strengthens the research world's hierarchy). *Tieteessä tapahtuu*, nr 7, 35-39.
- Storbjörk, J. (2003) *Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: en beskrivning av personalen inom Stockholms läns landstings beroendevård och deras syn på missbrukarvården år 2001*. (Women and men in Swedish addiction treatment: a description of the personnel in the Stockholm County health system addiction services and their views on addiction treatment, 2002). Stockholm: SoRAD, Rapportserie nr 8. <http://www.sorad.su.se/misbrbeha3.pdf>
- Storbjörk, J. (2003) En karta av vägar ut ur missbruket. (A map of the paths out of misuse) [Recension av: Blomqvist, J., "Att sluta med narkotika – med och utan behandling"]. *Nordisk Alkohol- och Narkotikatidskrift* 20:71-74.
- Storbjörk, J. (2003) Underlag för LVM-utredningen: antal och andel platser på HVB-hem för alkohol- eller drogproblem med olika huvudmän i Sverige år 2002. (Basis for the compulsory treatment inquiry: number and proportion of places in recovery homes for alcohol and drug problems with different authorities in Sweden in 2002.) Report to Socialdepartementet.
- Westfelt, L. (2003) *Spelproblem i tre svenska orter – Resultat från 6000 intervjuer i Sundsvall, Malmö och Karlstad*. (Gambling problems in three Swedish places – results from 6,000 interviews in Sundsvall, Malmö and Karlstad.) Stockholm: SoRAD, Forskningsrapport nr. 10. www.sorad.su.se/kasinorapp2.pdf

Papers accepted for publication

- Abrahamson, M. (forthcoming) Alcohol in courtship contexts. Focus group interviews with young Swedish women and men. *Contemporary Drug Problems*.
- Abrahamson, M. (forthcoming) När jag drack för mycket – unga i 20-årsåldern berättar. (“When I drank too much” – as told by youth in their 20s) *Nordisk alkohol- och narkotikatidskrift*
- Abrahamson, M. (forthcoming, winter 2003) Perceptions of heavy drinking and alcohol problems among young adults. *Contemporary Drug Problems*.
- Aguinaldo, J.P., Myers, T. & Bullock, S.L. (forthcoming) Relationship between substance use and sexual behaviours among MSM Drug users: Implications for HIV prevention research. *Journal of Drug Issues*.
- Bobak, M., Room, R., Pikhart, H., Kubinova, R., Malyutina, S., Pajak, A., Kurilovitch, S., Topor, R., Nikitin, Y. & Marmot, M. (forthcoming) Contributions of drinking patterns to differences in rates of alcohol related problems between three urban populations. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*.
- Broekaert, E., Haack, M.-J., Kaplan, C., Öberg, D., Sallmén, B. and Segraeus, V. (forthcoming) Implementation of instruments in Residential Programmes for substance abusers: The qualitative impressions of the Biomed 11 IPTRP Project. *European Addiction Research*.
- Bullock, S.L. (forthcoming). Does intoxication provide a valid excuse for sexual aggression? Response of Swedish young adults to a hypothetical scenario. *Addiction*.
- Jansson, B., Stenbacka, M., Leifman, A. & Romelsjö, A. (forthcoming) A small fraction of patients with repetitive injuries account for a large proportion of medical costs. *European Journal of Public Health*.
- Leifman, H. (forthcoming) Kommentar till ”Svårt att kasta loss. Finlands och Sveriges alkoholpolitiska kursändringar efter år 1990” av Christoffer Tigerstedt och Thomas Karlsson, *Nordisk alkohol- & narkotikatidskrift*.
- Ramstedt, M. (forthcoming) Alcohol consumption and alcohol-related mortality in Canada - a regional analysis of the period 1950-2000. *Canadian Journal of Public Health*.
- Romelsjö, A., Lundberg, M., Stenbacka, M. & Upmark, M. (forthcoming) A population study of the association between hospitalisation for alcoholism among employed in different socio-economic classes and the risk of mobility out of or within the working force. . *European Journal of Public Health*.
- Romelsjö, A. (forthcoming) The Addiction Severity Index (ASI) and the severity of addiction –how large are the associations? *Journal of Substance Use*.
- Room, R. (2004) Alcohol and other drugs in a public health context. In: Post, Stephen G., ed., *Encyclopedia of Bioethics*, 3rd edition, vol. 1, pp. 137-144.
- Room, R. (forthcoming) Effects of alcohol controls: Nordic research traditions. *Drug and Alcohol Review*.
- Thiblin, I., Fugelstad, A., Leifman, A., Romelsjö, A., Ågren, G. (forthcoming) Relationship between deinstitutionalization of health care for patients with mental disorders or drug abuse and its connection to isolated death. . *Journal of Forensic Medicine*.

PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES AND PAPER PRESENTATIONS BY CENTRE STAFF

Only presentations and other activities since the staff member became affiliated with the Centre are included.

Abrahamson, Maria

Alcohol in courtship contexts. Focus group interviews with young Swedish women and men.

Presentation at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society, Krakow, Poland 2-6 June, 2003.

När jag drack för mycket – unga i 20-årsåldern berättar. Presentation at NU (Nätverk för ungdomskulturforskning) conference: Subkultur eller konsumtionskultur?

Ungdomskulturforskningens brytpunkter och förgreningar, Södertörns högskola [Subcultures or Cultures of Consumption? Annual conference, Network for Youth Research], 17 October, 2003.

Alkoholens betydelse bland unga kvinnor och män. Presentation at a seminar on alcohol research, Stockholm, arranged by Alkoholkommittén, 14 May 2003.

Alkoholens betydelse för unga kvinnor och män. Presentation at the Swedish Medical Association, Stockholm, 29 September, 2003.

Bullock, Sandra

(with Kalle Trygvesson) *The relationship between attitudes regarding alcohol-related responsibility, control, excuse-making and the attribution of blame.* Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium, Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow Poland, June 2-6, 2003

(with Kalle Trygvesson) *Is it a fight or are they just drunk? – -Attributions about drunken behaviour in a hypothetical male-to-male aggression scenario,* presented at the 29th annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium, Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland June 2003

Hradilova Selin, Klara

People around those who drink. Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June, 2003.

(with Robin Room) *Maximizing the benefits from drinking.* Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June, 2003.

Kühlhorn, Eckart

The development of severe crimes of young offenders and changes in the profile of sanctions 1990-2001, presentation at a seminar arranged by the National Board of Institutional Care (SiS) at Hasselbacken, Stockholm March 26-27, 2003.

Alcohol and violence, presentation at the seminar “Women and Violence”, arranged by the National Institute of Public Health – Sweden (FHI) at Norra Latin, Stockholm, December 5, 2003.

An overview of current research questions in ongoing projects concerning the criminal justice system, presented at a seminar arranged by the Investigation regarding the National

Council on Crime prevention (BRÅ-utredningen) at Norra Latin, Stockholm, August 12, 2003.

An overview of current research concerning juvenile delinquency at a seminar arranged by the Committee Investigating Juvenile Crime (Utredningen om översyn av det allmännas ingripanden vid ungdomsbrott) at Rosenbad, Stockholm, October 14, 2003.

Lalander, Philip

Unga droganvändare (Young Drug Users). Lecture at Education Conference for Municipal Alcohol and Drug Coordinators. Arranger: Mobilisering mot narkotika and Alkoholkommittén, Sätra bruk/Skara, 12 February.

Att börja med droger (Becoming a Drug User). Lecture at Mobiliseringskonferens, Mobilisering mot narkotika, Rosenbad/Stockholm, 3 February.

Det statliga kasinot (The State Casino). Seminar at the Department of Criminology, University of Stockholm, 7 May.

Unga människors droganvändande (Young Peoples Illegal Drug Use). Lecture at Youth Conference arranged by Svenska kommunförbundet, fritidsforum, Alkoholkommittén and Mobilisering mot narkotika, Aros konferenscenter/Västerås, 15 May.

Att använda droger (Using Illegal Drugs). Lecture at TCO Conference. Södra Latin/Stockholm, 3 June.

Livsstil och droger (Life Style and Illegal Drugs). Lecture at Missbruksbehandling Vård, effekter och fallgropar, Uppsala Universitets kurssekreteriat, Uppsala.

Droger, gatan och icensatt fattigdom (Drugs, the street and staged poverty). Presented at a NAD conference, Drugs and Globalization, Stockholm, 13-14 October.

Las Drogas, la calle y la pobreza insensata (The Drugs, the Street and Staged Poverty). Presented as a seminar, *Que Sujeto para el siglo XXI?* 29-31 October, 2003, Montevideo, Uruguay. Organizers: Instituto Goethe, Embajada de Francia, Instituto Cultural Sueco-Uruguayo, Asociación Psicoanalítica del Uruguay.

Det statliga kasinot (The State Casino). Lecture at Kolmården Treatment Centre for Gambling Addiction, Kolmårdens behandlingshem/Norrköping, 18 November.

Att droga ibland (Just using drugs sometimes). Presented at *Narkotikamässan*, Stockholm, 20-21 November, 2003.

Testimony at public hearing about young people's addiction (*Offentlig utfrågning om ungas missbruk*), Committee on Justice and Committee on Health and Welfare, Swedish Parliament, 5 December, 2003.

Hooked on Heroin. Lecture at the Police Academy, University of Växjö, 12 December.

Leifman, Håkan

Presented results from studies, particularly consumption trends, in approx. 25 conferences/ seminars and similar, e.g.:

Dryckesvanor, konsumtionstrenden, framtidens alkoholpolitik (Drinking habits, trends in consumption, future alcohol policy). Presented at a conference "Folkhälsostämman/ Alkoholdagarna", Public Health Institute, Stockholm,

Konsumtionstrender i Sverige (Drinking trends in Sweden). Presented at CAN's research days, Stockholm 13 October.

Drinking patterns – how and why do they change? Presented at a conference "Globalisering – alkoholpolitiska utmaningar och alternativ" (Globalisation – alcohol political challenges and alternatives), NAD, Asker, Norway, 19-20 November

Svenska alkoholvanor i förändring (Swedish consumption in change). Presented at "Människans åldrar - Liv och hälsa under 2000-talet" (Man's ages – life and health during the 2000s), Institute for Future Studies and Public Health Institute, Stockholm, 10 November.

Sweden Goes Wet. Presented at "Förebygg NU" (Prevention Now), arranged by several organisations, Göteborg, 11-13 November.

Svenskarnas alkoholkonsumtion (Swedes' drinking habits). Presented at a conference "Nyttan och Glädjen med Alkohol", Svenska Läkarsällskapet (Swedish Medical Association), Stockholm, 7 October.

A discussion with the moderator on current and future alcohol consumption in Sweden. At a conference on alcohol research, Public Health Institute, Stockholm, 14 May.

What and how much do Swedes drink, and the prognosis for the future. Presentation at Systembolaget for the Skatteutskottet, Stockholm, 7 October.

Narkotikautvecklingen i Sverige under 1990-talet samt den nuvarande situationen (Trends in drug use during the 1990's and the current situation). Presented at MOB:s upptaktskonferens om den svenska narkotikasituationen (MOB's conference on the Swedish drug situation in Sweden), Stockholm, 18 February.

Olsson, Börje

Bruk och missbruk av amfetamin i Sverige. Conference on narcotic substances in Stockholm, 26 March 2003. Swedish Council for Information on Alcohol and Other Drugs.

(with Lenke, L.) *The drug policy relevance of drug related deaths*. Presented at Tensions in drug policy in Western Europe, research meeting in Helsingborg, 12-13 May 2003. Nordic Council for Alcohol and Drug Research (NAD).

(with Steen, P.) *The use of alcohol among different occupational groups*. Paper presented at the annual alcohol epidemiology meetings of the Kettil Bruun Society, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June 2003.

Fear and curiosity – drug use among the general population in Sweden. Paper presented at the European Society for Social Drug Research (ESSD), 14th annual conference, in Ghent, Belgium, 2-4 October 2003.

Svenskt narkotikamissbruk i europeiskt perspektiv. CAN-course "Meeting with research", Stockholm, 13 October, 2003. Swedish Council for Information on Alcohol and Other Drugs.

Cannabis – hur ser det ut i andra länder? (Cannabis: how does it look in other lands?) Presented at a conference, "A CAN-day about cannabis", Stockholm, 28 November 2003. Swedish Council for Information on Alcohol and Other Drugs.

Cocaine in Stockholm. Paper presented at a conference, "Support needs for cocaine and crack users in Europe", Rome 5-6 December 2003.

Palm, Jessica

Moral, medical and social problem - Views of alcohol and drug problems among treatment staff. Presented at the annual Kettil Bruun Society symposium, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June, 2003.

Ungdomarnas upplevelse av sluten ungdomsvård. Presented at a Seminar on SiS forskning. Stockholm, 26-27 March, 2003.

Views of gender differences among treatment staff & differences between women and men in a client sample. Presentation at NAD's research meeting on Könsperspektiv i drogforskningen. (A gender perspective in drug research) Stockholm, 7-9 May, 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling. Presentation at a Seminar on alcohol research, results and conclusions, arranged by the Alkoholkommittén. Stockholm, 14 May, 2003.

Results from the staff survey. Presentation at a Seminar at Maria Ungdom. Stockholm, 24 April, 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Täby kommun. Presentation at Täby kommun, Stockholm, 8 December 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Maria Gamla Stan, Stockholms stad. Presentation at Maria Gamla Stan, Stockholm, 8 December 2003.

Ramstedt, Mats

Alkoholkonsumtion, dryckesmönster, skador och alkoholpolitik i Europeiska Unionen (Drinking, drinking patterns, alcohol-related harm and alcohol policy in the EU).

Presentation at "Alkoholtagarna" Norra Latin, Stockholm, 14 March, 2003.

Alkohol och självmord (Alcohol and suicide) – Presentation at "Nationell nätverkskonferens om självmordsprevention". Norra Latin, Stockholm, 10 September, 2003.

Aktuella uppgifter om alkoholkonsumtionens utveckling i Sverige (Recent data on drinking trends in Sweden). Presentation at a press conference arranged by "Alkoholkommitén", Regeringsgatan 32, Stockholm, 4 November, 2003.

Guest editor for "Alkoholfrågan" nr 22, December 2003

Romelsjö, Anders

(with Room R, Palm J, Stenius K, Storbjörk J, Billinger K.) *Women and men in alcohol and drug treatment: an overview of a stockholm county study. Can information from patients and personnel in ordinary treatment be used to improve treatment organisation and content?* Presented at Tenth International Conference on Treatment of Addictive Behaviors, Heidelberg, September, 4-8, 2003.

Protective factors for hospitalization and mortality with alcohol and drug dependence in a longitudinal study of 50,000 young Swedish men. Presented at Tenth International Conference on Treatment of Addictive Behaviors, Heidelberg, September, 4-8, 2003.

Women and men in Swedish alcohol and drug treatment: An overview of a research project and its methodological problems. Presented at IX European Conference on Rehabilitation and Drug Policy, Venice, 14-17 May, 2003.

Cannabis – the Swedish experience. Presented at 3rd National Conference: Insights and innovations on drug misuse, London 2-4 July, 2003.

Use of buprenorphine in Sweden. Presented at 5th Annual meeting of the international society of Addiction Medicine, Amsterdam, 24-27 September, 2003.

Subutexbehandling i Sverige. Föredrag nationellt möte hos Mobilisering mot narkotika. 23 September, Stockholm

Subutexbehandling i Sverige. Nationellt nätverksmöte för Buprenorfine- underhållsbehandlare. Föredrag. Karlstad, 20 October.

Kvinnor och män i svensk behandling. Studier av behandlingssystem och dess individer i Stockholms området. Föredrag. Svensk förening för alkohol- och drogforskning. Norrköping, 23 October.

(with Davstad I, Stenbacka M, Leifman A, Beck O, Korkmaz S) *Methadone Treatment: Side misuse in a rigorously controlled programme for "drop-outs" and for those who remain in treatment.* American Association for the Treatment of Opioid Dependence Conference. Washington DC, 13-16 April 2003.

Participation in an EU project on secondary prevention as Swedish co-representative together with assistant professor Preben Bendtsen, Linköping

Adviser to a large primary prevention project in Gothenburg, headed by Fredrik Spak.

Initiator of work on a national data-based quality register for addiction care, together with Mats Berglund, Stefan Borg and Lars-Håkan Nilsson

Room, Robin

Purposes, measurement choices, and functions: the Addiction Severity Index as an intake and assessment instrument in clinical populations. Presented at a conference, Measuring “Addiction” in Europe: Clinical, Sociological, Cultural and Policy Aspects of the Addiction Severity Index (ASI) and Other International Instruments, Skarpö, Stockholm County, 21-23 Jan., 2003.

Effectiveness of strategies for reducing alcohol problems. Presented at a Portuguese national conference on alcohol problems, Lisbon 20-21 February, 2003.

Effects of alcohol controls: lessons from a half-century of Nordic social experimentation. Presented at an international research symposium, “Preventing Substance Use, Risky Use and Harm: What Is Evidence-Based Policy?”, Fremantle, Western Australia, 24-27 February, 2003.

(with Jürgen Rehm) *The global burden of disease attributable to alcohol, tobacco and illicit drugs.* Presented at an international research symposium, “Preventing Substance Use, Risky Use and Harm: What Is Evidence-Based Policy?”, Fremantle, Western Australia, 24-27 February, 2003.

Alcohol in Developing Societies: A Public Health Approach. Presented at a public forum on alcohol policy, Fremantle, Western Australia, 28 February, 2003.

How have the foci and dynamics of alcohol policy initiatives changed in recent decades? Presented at the 13th Alcohol Policy Conference, Boston, Mass., 13-16 March, 2003.

Preventing alcohol problems: popular approaches are ineffective, effective approaches are politically impossible. Presented at the 13th Alcohol Policy Conference, Boston, Mass., 13-16 March, 2003.

Reflections on UN Drug Policy – Vienna 2003. Presented at a NAD meeting, “Tensions in drug policy in Western Europe”, 12-13 May, 2003, Helsingborg, Sweden.

Where does alcohol research stand: What do we need to know more about, in Sweden? Presented at a conference on alcohol research, Public Health Institute, Stockholm, 14 May, 2003.

(with Klara Hradilova Selin), *Maximizing the benefits from drinking.* Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June, 2003.

(with Lorraine Midanik), *Contributions of social scientists in the alcohol field during the era of biomedicalization.* Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June, 2003.

Use of alcohol and drugs: patterns, pleasure and problems. Presented at an International Conference on Public Health: 400 Years and the Way Forward, Bergen, Norway, 15-17 June 2003.

Effectiveness in preventing alcohol problems among young people. Presented at Megapoles: Young people and Alcohol Conference, London, 25-26 June, 2003.

Alcohol and international agreements on trade and control: options for rebalancing in a globalizing world. Presented at the 19th Nordic Conference on Alcohol & Drug Prevention, Reykjavik, 31 Aug. – 2 Sept., 2003.

Alcohol, No Ordinary Commodity: Research and Public Policy. Presented at a Conference on Alcohol Prevention and Policy, Dublin, Ireland, 15-16 September, 2003.

Alcohol, drugs and public health: patterns, pleasure and problems. Presented at the XVIII Research Meeting of the Instituto Nacional de Psiquiatría, Mexico City, 24-26 September 2003.

(with Jürgen Rehm) *Alcohol and illicit drugs research: priorities for Canada.* Presented at a Forum on Alcohol and Illicit Drugs Research, Kanata, Ontario, 2-4 October, 2003.

Alcohol in a global perspective: current research and reviews. Presented at Alkohol & samhällsforskning – en konferens om alkohol och forskningsresultat, Stockholm, 21 October 2003.

Studying the effects of Nordic alcohol policies. Presented at the annual meeting of the Swedish Alcohol and Drug Research Society (SAD), Norrköping, 23 October, 2003.

Addictions concepts and international drug control, presented at the 2003 Lisbon International Symposium on Global Drug Policy, Lisbon, Portugal, 23-25 October, 2003.

International context and the policymaking process. Presented at the 131st Annual Meeting of the American Public Health Association, San Francisco, November 16-19, 2003. (with Lee Ann Kaskutas, Jason Bond, Lyndsay Ammon & Constance Weisner), *AA careers in the 5 years after alcohol treatment.* Presented at the 131st Annual Meeting of the American Public Health Association, San Francisco, November 16-19, 2003.

Thinking about strategies to prevent substance misuse. Presented at a public symposium, Substance Misuse Prevention in Vancouver, British Columbia, 20-21 November 2003

Project adviser, GENACIS (Gender, Alcohol and Culture International Study). Project and advisory committee meetings February, May and November, 2003.

World Health Organization Alcohol Policy Strategic Advisory Committee, meeting February 2003.

Member of committee on National Alcohol Harm Minimization Policy, Academy of Medical Sciences, London UK. 3 meetings in late 2003.

Sato, Hanako

Ungdomskultur och alkohol. Presentation at Alkoholkommittén Seminar, Stockholm, May 2003.

Segraeus, Vera

(with Eric Broekaert, David Öberg, Björn Sallmén, Verle Soyes, M.-J. Haack and Jane Wilson) *Implementing ASI and other instruments to professionalize treatment across national borders.* Paper presented at the meeting Measuring “Addiction” in Europe: Clinical, Sociological, Cultural and Policy Aspects of the Addiction Severity Index (ASI) and Other International Instruments, Skarpö, Stockholm County, 21-23 Jan., 2003.

(with Joke De Wilde, Jonas Larsson, Eric Broekaert and Edle Ravndal) *Description of women and men in the TCs in the Northern Central and Southern part of Europe.* Paper presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiological Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society in Krakow, Poland, June, 2003.

DOK systemet. Resultat från en första större uppföljningstudie baserad på DOK (The DOK system: Results from a follow up study) Presentation at the “narkotikamässan”, Stockholm, November 2003.

Utskrivningsuppgifter om vårdhändelser och behandlingsinsatser. Metodproblem vid uppföljning (The treatment service record of the DOK system 2001, and a methodological study based on 152 follow up interviews of LVM clients). Presentation at DOK konferensen, Örebro, November 2003.

Service on a reference group within the National Board of Health and Welfare on “Guidelines for alcohol and drug abuse treatment”, and on a working group on a national instrument for treatment documentation.

Member, accreditation panel at the National Prison and Probation administration.

Member of informal research network in connection to the LVM investigation, with the task to give an overhaul of the LVM law; at the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health.
Board member at IKM Research Center at Växjö University.
Associate member of Scientific Board of Systembolagets Research Fund.

Sjö, Fabian

The Swedish Club Scene and Illegal Drugs.. Presented at a NAD conference, *Drugs and Globalization*, 13-14 October.

Ändra beteende med kommunikation – en omöjlig uppgift? (Change behaviour by communication – an impossible task?) Presented at Narkotikamässan, 20-21 November.

Skrinjar, Monica

(with Ingrid Lander and Tove Pettersson) *Femininiteter, maskuliniteter och kriminalitet. Genusperspektiv inom svensk kriminologi*, Seminar presentation at the Institutt for kriminologi og rettsososiologi, Universitetet i Oslo, 13 June 2003

Qualitative Interviews with Drug Users as Threats and Opportunities: Ethical and Methodological Implications, Presentation at the XIII World Congress of Criminology "Reducing Crime and Promoting Justice", 10-15 August 2003, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Qualitative Interviews with Male Drug Users, Paper presented at NSfK's 45th Research Seminar "Crime and Crime Control in an Integrating Europe", Helsinki, Finland 27-30 August

Stenius, Kerstin

An author's guide to addiction journal publishing. Presentation at a Masterclass for addiction researchers, Leeds, 1-2 May 2003.

How to choose a journal. Presentation at the NIDA International Forum, Miami, USA, 14 June 2003.

Report from the "Measuring addiction in Europe" conference. Presented at the Finska arbetsgruppen för kvalitetsvärdering av missbrukarvården, Helsinki 14 April 2003.

Reports from the Language issue group, presented at the meeting of the International Society of Addiction Journal Editors, Egham, UK, 5-6 May 2003.

Rusmedels- och "service"konsumentens rätt, plikt och möjlighet till behandling.

Utvecklingsdrag i behandlingssystemen i Finland och Sverige. Presentation at NAD's meeting on "Globalisering och alkoholpolitik", Oslo, 19-20 November 2003.

Utbildningsprogrammen: Om missbrukarvården i Danmark och Sverige. Intervju för Sveriges Radio, 1 April 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Sollentuna kommun. Presentation i Sollentuna, Sverige, 11 November 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Norrmalms stadsdel. Presentation på Norrmalms socialtjänstförvaltning, Stockholm, 12 November 2003.

Storbjörk, Jessica

Why do alcohol and drug abusers seek treatment? A study in Stockholm county. Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium of the Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol. Krakow, Poland, 2-6 June 2003.

(with Jessica Palm) *Forskning om vård och behandling: Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling*. Presentation på Seminarium om alkoholforskningen: Resultat och slutsatser (Alkoholkommittén, Socialdepartementet, Statens folkhälsoinstitut & SoRAD). Stockholm, 14 May 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om patienter, klienter och personal inom landstingets och socialtjänstens missbrukarvård i Stockholms län. Presentation på

Rådslag om missbrukarvård (Beroendecentrum Stockholm & Socialtjänstförvaltningen i Stockholms stad). Stockholm, 2 October 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Sundbyberg stad. Presentation i Sundbyberg, Sverige, 12 November 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna på Enheten för hemlösa. Presentation på Enheten för hemlösa, Socialtjänstförvaltningen, Stockholm, 13 November 2003.

Kvinnor och män i svensk missbruksbehandling: Om klienterna i Botkyrka kommun. Presentation i Botkyrka, Sverige, 26 November 2003.

Trolldal, Björn

The effects of privatisations on the alcohol sales market in two Canadian provinces - a time-series analysis. Presentation at the Prevention Research Center, Berkeley, California, USA, December 4, 2003.

Tryggvesson, Kalle

(with Sandy Bullock) *Is it a fight or are they just drunk? – -Attributions about drunken behaviour in a hypothetical male-to-male aggression scenario,* presented at the 29th annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium, Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow, Poland June 2003

(with Sandy Bullock) *The relationship between attitudes regarding alcohol-related responsibility, control, excuse-making and the attribution of blame.* Presented at the 29th Annual Alcohol Epidemiology Symposium, Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, Krakow Poland, June 2-6, 2003

Educational and professional development activities.

SoRAD hosted an international conference, “Measuring ‘addiction’ in Europe: Clinical, sociological, cultural and policy aspects of the Addiction Severity Index (ASI) and other international instruments” at Skarpö, Stockholm County, on 20-24 January 2003. Altogether, 33 papers from 15 countries were presented at the meeting. With support from the European Monitoring Center on Drugs and Drug Abuse (EMCDDA), there were also several participants from developing countries. A selection of papers revised from the conference presentations will be published in 2004 in a thematic issue of the *Journal of Substance Use*, edited by Kerstin Stenius and Robin Room. The conference was coordinated by Jenny Cisneros Örnberg, and was funded by the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health.

A number of SoRAD staff were involved in course teaching during 2003. Olsson co-teaches a course in alcohol and drug studies twice a year in Criminology. Skrinjar was responsible for a methods course in Criminology, and Palm lectured there on methods; Leifman, Hradilova Selin and Storbjörk taught methods in the School of Social Work; and Bullock also taught a methods course. Ramstedt lectured on time series analysis at Södertörns Högskola, and supervised two student groups in Sociology at Stockholm University. In the integration course in Sociology, Leifman supervised the students selecting alcohol research. Stenius lectured on qualitative methods and addiction treatment, and Room on addiction and control systems at the University of Helsinki. Room also gave a seminar on measuring alcohol’s role in the global burden of disease at the Centre for Health Equity Studies (CHESS). Abrahamson supervised two master’s theses in Social Work. Romelsjö is supervising two doctoral students at Karolinska Institutet, and is the secondary supervisor of a doctoral student in Lund.

Björn Trollidal attended the summer course in Quantitative Methods in Social Research at the University of Michigan, and has been on an extended study stay at the Prevention Research Center in Berkeley. Jessica Palm made a shorter study stay at the Alcohol Research Group in Berkeley.

Marianne Upmark (Samhällsmedicin, Stockholms läns landsting) gave a seminar at SoRAD on 12 November: “Alkoholens betydelse för olika typer av sjukfrånvaro”.

An informal seminar in qualitative studies and methods held 7 sessions in 2003, with postgraduate students from Social Work also taking part.

A scholarly journal, *Contemporary Drug Problems*, is edited at the Centre. During 2003, several meetings of international research projects were held at the Centre. Esa Österberg, Norman Giesbrecht, Jürgen Rehm and Hildigunnur Ólafsdóttir were among the international researchers who spent time at SoRAD in 2003.

SoRAD’s national activities

SoRAD staff were active on the national level in 2003. A number of SoRAD staff made presentations at the alcohol research seminar organized by *Alkoholkommittén* and held in downtown Stockholm on 14 May. SoRAD staff also made presentations at the annual meeting of *Svensk förening för alkohol- och drogforskning* (SAD).

SoRAD professors were active in work at the national level. This included informal advice to government agencies such as *Mobilisering mot Narkotika* and *Alkoholkommittén*. Anders Romelsjö served as the Swedish co-representative on an EU project on secondary prevention, and was involved in committee work on a national data-based quality register for addiction care. Eckart Köhlhorn is a member of the accreditation committee for rehabilitation programs of the National Correctional Board. Vera Segraeus served on a reference group and Kerstin Stenius on an expert group for Socialstyrelsen on “Guidelines for

alcohol and drug abuse treatment”, and Segraeus also served on a working group on a national instrument for treatment documentation, and as an associate member of the Scientific Board of the Systembolaget Research Fund.